of India has taken up the matter with the Governments of Bangladesh and Myanmar on several fora. The Government of Bangladesh have reiterated that they do not provide sanctuary to elements prejudicial to the interest of India and have denied existence of IIGs or their camps in Bangladesh. The Government of Union of Myanmar have reiterated that they would not allow the use of their territory by IIGs for undertaking activities prejudicial to the interest of India.

(e) The Government has taken various measures to check infiltration of IIGs into Bangladesh which includes raising of additional Battalions of Border Security Force; reduction of gaps between the border outposts; intensification of patrolling, both on the land and the riverine border; accelerated programme of construction of border roads and fencing; increase in the number of outposts, towers, provision on surveillance equipments, etc. For checking infiltration of IIGs to Myanmar, Assam Rifles has been deployed on Indo-Myanmar border for border guarding duties.

Kidnapping in States

3019. DR. AKHILESH DAS: Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) whether frequency of kidnappings and abductions for ransom has assumed the status of lucrative business and a strong weapon of sweeping political benefits; if so, the number of kidnappings and (1) kidnapping with murders, (2) kidnappings with rapes and (3) kidnapping with both rape and murders reported from each State during 2002-03; and

(b) what steps, if any, including modifications in the law and the legal procedure, are proposed to be taken to effectively curb this menace?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI MANIKRAO GAVIT): (a) As per the statistics compiled by the National Crime Records Bureau, State/Union Territory-wise incidence of kidnapping and abduction for illicit intercourse, for ransom and total cases of kidnapping and abduction during 2002 and 2003 is given in the Statement (*See* below). The information relating to kidnapping for murders and kidnapping with both rape and murder is not maintained centrally.

(b) "Public Order" and "Police" are State subjects as per VII Schedule to the Constitution. Therefore, detection, registration, investigation,

prosecution and prevention of crimes including kidnapping with rapes and murders is primarily the responsibility of the State Governments. However, the Central Government has from time to time, been issuing advisories to the State Government emphasizing the need to give more focused attention for prevention of crimes, particularly crimes against vulnerable sections of the society, including women.

Statement

Incidence of kidnapping and Abduction for illicit intercourse, for ransom and total cases of kidnapping and abduction during 2002 and 2003

Sl. No.	State/UT	For Illicit Intercourse		For Ransom		Total cases of kidnapping and abduction	
		2002	2003	2002	2003	2002	2003
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
1.	Andhra Pradesh	98	80	8	7	1302	1485
2.	Arunachal Pradesh	1	9	0	0	57	68
3.	Assam	61	125	71	86	1595	1628
4.	Bihar	69	43	397	374	2361	2427
5.	Chhattisgarh	19	20	0	2	178	177
6.	Goa	1	0	0	0	9	14
7.	Gujarat	126	177	36	48	1015	1044
8.	Haryana	83	57	10	8	427	388
9.	Himachal Pradesh	10	0	0	0	138	113
10.	Jammu & Kashmir	181	218	0	0	674	712
11.	Jharkhand	23	46	27	72	468	487
12.	Karnataka	3	6	8	17	645	531
13.	Kerala	10	8	2	0	162	189
14.	Madhya Pradesh	102	100	126	136	964	887

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
15.	Maharashtra	72	46	24	32	953	926
16.	Manipur	0	0	0	0	157	120
17.	Meghalaya	0	2	32	30	52	49
18.	Mizoram	0	1	7	6	7	8
19.	Nagaland	0	0	0	0	27	38
20.	Orissa	95	59	4	0	523	477
21.	Punjab	53	45	9	13	551	464
22.	Rajasthan	29	11	12	10	2587	2238
23.	Sikkim	0	0	3	0	9	0
24.	Tamil Nadu	18	13	1	6	1001	879
25.	Tripura	0	0	52	63	128	146
26.	Uttar Pradesh	685	498	166	169	3430	2208
27.	Uttaranchal	6	5	10	9	198	171
28.	West Bengal	30	25	22	11	831	902
	TOTAL (States):	**1795**	**1595**	**1026**	**1099**	**20449**	**18775**
29.	A & N Islands	0	0	0	0	2	2
30.	Chandigarh	0	0	0	0	54	32
31.	D & N Haveli	0	0	0	0	9	7
32.	Daman & Diu	0	0	0	0	3	1
33.	Delhi	13	23	32	29	1323	1156
34.	Lakshadweep	0	0	0	0	0	0
35.	Pondicherry	0	0	2	2	10	18
	TOTAL (UTs):	**13**	**23**	**34**	**30**	**1401**	**1215**
	TOTAL (All-India):	**1808**	**1618**	**1060**	**1129**	**21850**	**19992**